

AluminEtch

ALUMINUM ETCHING CHEMICAL AND CLEANER

SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name KoatGuard AluminEtch

Product number KGAE

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Aluminum etching chemical, brightener, and cleaner. Do not use on

polished aluminum.

1.4 Supplier's details

Name KoatGuard Chemicals
Address 12683 McIllwain Rd
Holladay, TN 38341
United States

Telephone 931-388-7730

1.5 Emergency phone number

(Poison Control) 1-800-222-1222

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

General hazard statement

"Consumer Products", as defined by the US Consumer Product Safety Act and which are used as intended (typical consumer duration and frequency), are exempt from the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This SDS is being provided as a courtesy to help assist in the safe handling and proper use of the product.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Acute toxicity, dermal, Cat. 3
- Acute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 4
- Acute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 5
- Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4
- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 2A
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed
H311 Toxic in contact with skin
H315 Causes skin irritation
H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H333 May be harmful if inhaled

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection/protective gloves/protective clothing. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER /doctor/...if you feel unwell,

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/... if you feel unwell.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../ if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. Hydrofluoric acid (conc. less than 50%)

 Concentration
 > 1 % (volume)

 EC no.
 231-634-8

 CAS no.
 7664-39-3

 Index no.
 009-003-00-1

Acute toxicity, dermal, Cat. 1
Acute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 2
Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 2

- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1A

H300 Fatal if swallowed
H310 Fatal in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H330 Fatal if inhaled

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 7 %

Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $1 \% \le C < 7 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $0,1 \% \le C < 1 \%$

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

2. Sulfuric acid

4 Concentration > 1 % (volume) 5 EC no. 231-639-5

CAS no. 7664-93-9 Index no. 016-020-00-8

- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1A

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

SCLs/M-factors/ATEs Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 15 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $5 \% \le C < 15 \%$

Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % ≤ C < 15 %

Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))

*The specific chemical identities and/or actual concentrations or actual concentration ranges for one or more listed components are being withheld as trade secrets under the US regulation 29 CFR 1910.1200(i).

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

center or doctor if you feel unwell.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include burning pain in the nose and throat, coughing,

wheezing, shortness of breath and pulmonary edema.

In case of skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

for at least 15 minutes. Call a poison center or doctor if irritation develops or

persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Causes severe skin burns. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense

pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

In case of eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or

doctor.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Causes serious eye damage. Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical

burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or

complete loss of vision.

If swallowed Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or

doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns to nose, mouth, throat, and digestive tract. Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and

diarrhea, blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No data available.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Sulfuric acid: No data available.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Avoid any skin contact. Effects of contact or inhalation may be delayed. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may be corrosive and/or toxic and cause pollution. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection. Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection if necessary. Avoid breathing gas, mist, vapors, or spray. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not swallow. Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children.

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1 no other specific uses are stipulate

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. Hydrofluoric acid (conc. less than 50%) (CAS: 7664-39-3)

TWA [Hydrogen fluoride (as F)] (Inhalation): 3 Peak limitation ppm; 2.6 Peak limitation mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

IOELV-LTEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 1.5 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-LTEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 1.8 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-STEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 2.5 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-STEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 3 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

2. Sulfuric acid (CAS: 7664-93-9 EC: 231-639-5)

TWA (Inhalation): 1 mg/m3; US (US/OSHA)

USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000

TWA [Sulphuric acid] (Inhalation): 1 mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

STEL [Sulphuric acid] (Inhalation): 3 mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

IOELV-LTEL [Sulphuric acid, Mist] (Inhalation): 0.05 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

2 When selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method, account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds. 3 The mist is defined as the thoracic fraction. List no. 3 under Coun

PEL (Inhalation): 1 mg/m3; US (US/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 0.1 mg/m3, (ST) 3 mg/m3; US (Cal/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 1 mg/m3; US (NIOSH) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms











Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. If splash hazard, wear face shield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

Body protection

Wear protective clothing. Clothing with full length sleeves and pants should be worn. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Thermal hazards

No data available.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.) colorless, strong odor Odor No data available. Odor threshold No data available. No data available. Hq No data available. Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range No data available. Flash point No data available. Evaporation rate No data available. Flammability (solid, gas) No data available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No data available. Vapor pressure No data available. Vapor density No data available. Relative density No data available. Solubility(ies) No data available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available. Auto-ignition temperature No data available. Decomposition temperature No data available. Viscosity No data available.

Additional properties

Physical state Liquid

Colorcolorless, clearExplosive propertiesNo data available.Oxidizing propertiesNo data available.

Particle characteristics

No data available.

Further safety characteristics (supplemental)

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames, and sparks. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition

10.5 Incompatible materials

Sulfuric acid: Bases, Halides, Organic materials, Carbides, fulminates, Nitrates, picrates, Cyanides, Chlorates, alkali halides, Zinc salts, permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate, Hydrogen peroxide, Azides, Perchlorates., Nitromethane, phosphorous, Reacts violently with:, cyclopentadiene, cyclopentanone oxime, nitroaryl amines, hexalithium disilicide, phosphorous(III) oxide, Powdered metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfuric acid: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Sulphur oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects):

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include burning pain in the nose and throat, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath and pulmonary edema.

Ingestion: Causes burns to nose, mouth, throat, and digestive tract. Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

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// ----- From the Suggestion report (10/03/2023, 10:21 AM) ----- //
The ATE (dermal) of the mixture is: 500 mg/kg bw

// ----- From the Suggestion report (10/03/2023, 10:21 AM) ----- //
The ATE (gas inhalation) of the mixture is: 10000 ppmV

// ----- From the Suggestion report (10/03/2023, 10:21 AM) ------ //
The ATE (vapor inhalation) of the mixture is: 50 mg/l

// ----- From the Suggestion report (10/03/2023, 10:21 AM) ------ //
The ATE (oral) of the mixture is: 500 mg/kg bw
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Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage. Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Germ cell mutagenicity

Sulfuric acid

LD50 Oral - Rat - 2,140 mg/kg

Carcinogenicity

Sulfuric acid

Result: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that occupational exposure to strong inorganic-acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans (group 1).

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

Sulfuric acid

Result: The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration hazard

Sulfuric acid

LD50

Result: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that occupational exposure to strong inorganic-acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans (group 1).

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Additional information

Hydrofluoric acid (conc. less than 50%): From Sigma:

Hazard Codes T+,C

Risk Statements 26/27/28-35

Safety Statements 26-28-36/37/39-45

RIDADR UN 1790 8/PG 2

WGK Germany 2

RTECS MW7875000

Sulfuric acid: Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin, spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Pulmonary edema. Effects may be delayed., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

No data available on product

Persistence and degradability

No data available on product

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on product

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than State or Federal requirements.

Packaging disposal

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.1 UN Number
- 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- 14.4 Packing group

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health, and environmental regulations specific for the product in question California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Chemical name: Hydrofluoric acid

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid CAS number: 7664-93-9

EU Cosmetics Prohibited Substances List, (EC) 2009/1223 Annex II

Chemical name/INN: Hydrofluoric acid (conc. less than 50%)

CAS number: 7664-39-3

EU Table of Harmonised Entries (Annex VI to CLP)

Chemical name: Hydrofluoric acid (conc. less than 50%)

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid CAS number: 7664-93-9

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Chemical name: Hydrofluoric acid

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Sulfuric acid

CAS number: 7664-93-9

New Jersey Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right To Know Act.

Common name: HYDROGEN FLUORIDE

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Sulfuric acid

CAS number: 7664-93-9

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Pennsylvania Right To Know Act.

Chemical name: Hydrofluoric acid

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Sulfuric acid

CAS number: 7664-93-9 **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302: Sulfuric acid

CAS number: 7664-93-9

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Sulfuric acid

CAS number: 7664-93-9

US EPA TSCA public inventory

Chemical name: Hydrofluoric acid (conc. less than 50%)

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid

SECTION 16: Other information

CAS number: 7664-93-9

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigation to determine the suitability of information for their particular purposes. In no event shall [COMPANY NAME] be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, whatsoever arising, even if [KOATGUARD CHEMICALS] has been advised of the possibility of such damages.